Well-being through work







Fluid infusion and oxygen administration in cold conditions

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European Union European Social Fund

Introduction

- tourists and hikers trek in remote wilderness
- in the case of accident medical treatments may take place on site in the cold
- intravenous fluids are administered to trauma patients as treatment for hypovolemia, hypotension, shock, dehydration or hypothermia
- supplemental oxygen is of great benefit to a patient with severe trauma and/or hypothermia





Do medical treatments cool the patient in cold?

Patients may be treated with substances colder than core temperature in the pre-hospital settings

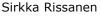
infusion of cold fluids

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- decrease in body heat content risk of hypothermia?
 - 1 liter of 20 ° C fluid decreases core temperature by 0,3 ° C
- local cooling \rightarrow pain and/or vasoconstriction
- ventricular fibrillation
- inhibition of blood clotting
- cold oxygen administration
 - decrease in body heat content?
 - local cooling \rightarrow bronchoconstriction?
- Need of protection or warming?







to examine the effects of cold environment on

- infusion fluid temperature when different infusion line protective covers are used
- 2. upper respiratory track temperature when supplemental oxygen is administered



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Warm IV fluid is recommended in cold

recommendations

- warmed 37 41° C IV fluids in the treatment of trauma patients
- bowever, at the accident site in the cold
 - cooling of the IV fluid during infusion is presumed





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Example 1 of preventive methods



Protection of the infusion line

- Help&Rescue
- padded insulation around the bag and line

Distal end can be wrapped around the cannulated hand

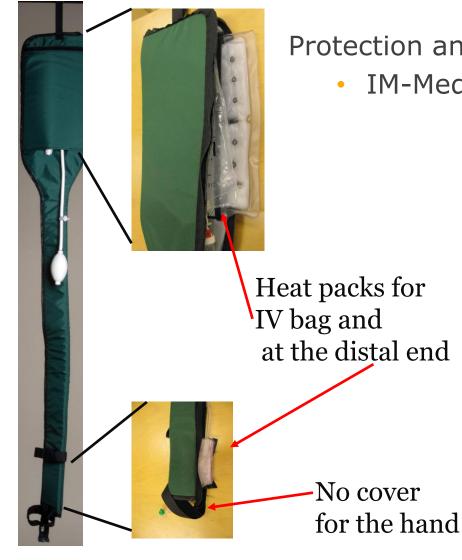
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Example 2 of preventive methods



Traditional hanging type

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Protection and external heating

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Example 3 of preventive methods



Protection and external heating

Heat-it

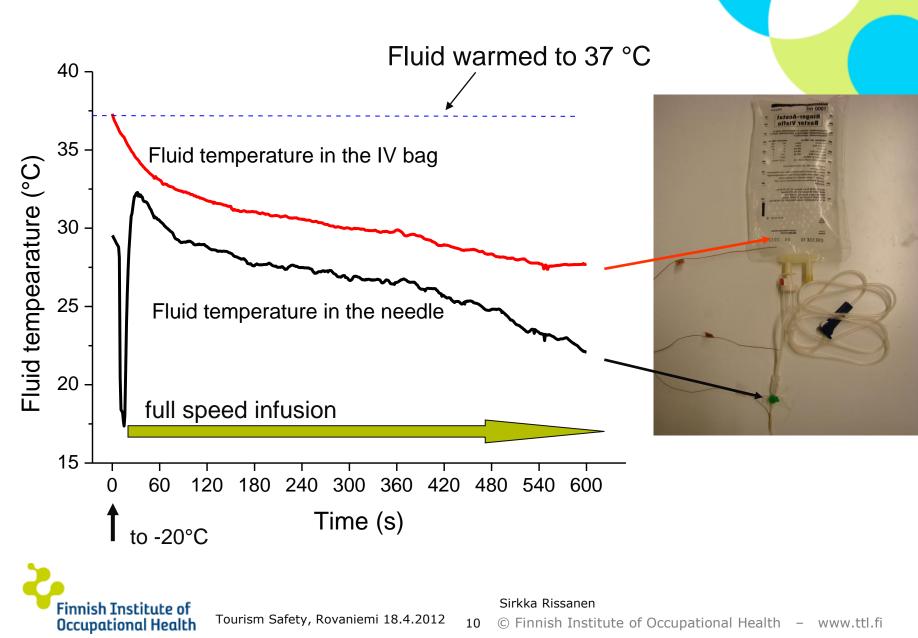
Pressure pouch for the IV bag

Heat pack under the arm, not beside the IV bag

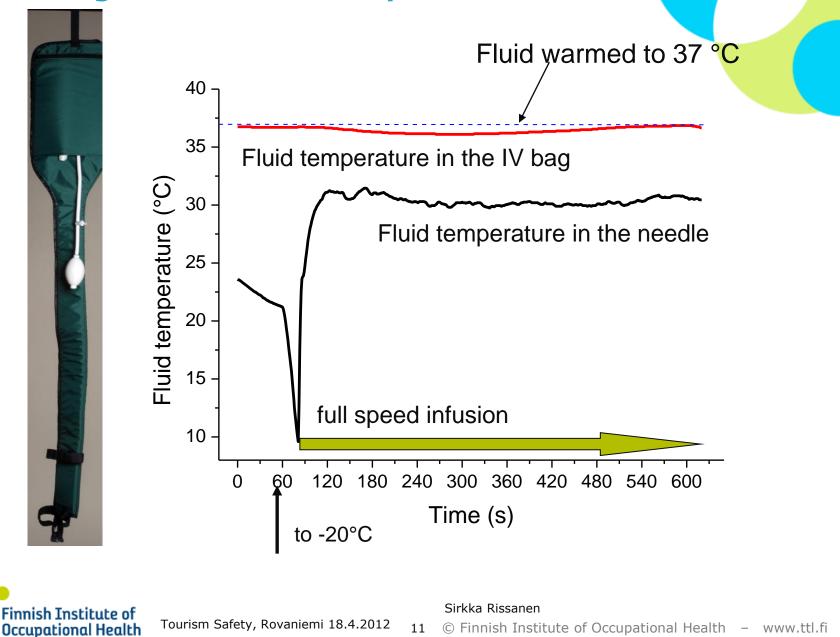
Arm is wrapped inside



Rapid cooling without protection at -20° C



Cooling rate slower with protection at -20°



Summary

Fluid temperature, warmed to 37°C, after 10 min infusion at -20, 0 and 20°C,

	-20°C		0° C		20° C	
	bag	needle	bag	needle	bag	needle
	37	31	38	33	40	36
	35	33	35	34	37	37
	30	31	33	34	37,5	35
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Summary

Fluid temperature, 22°C, after 10 min infusion at -20, 0 and 20°C,

	-20° C		0° C		20° C	
	bag	needle	bag	needle	bag	needle
	24	16	25,5	22	28	27,5
	20	18	20	20	22	22
	19,5	14,5	20	17,5	31	23
	. 17	8	18,5	17	22	22
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Oxygen administration in the cold was tested

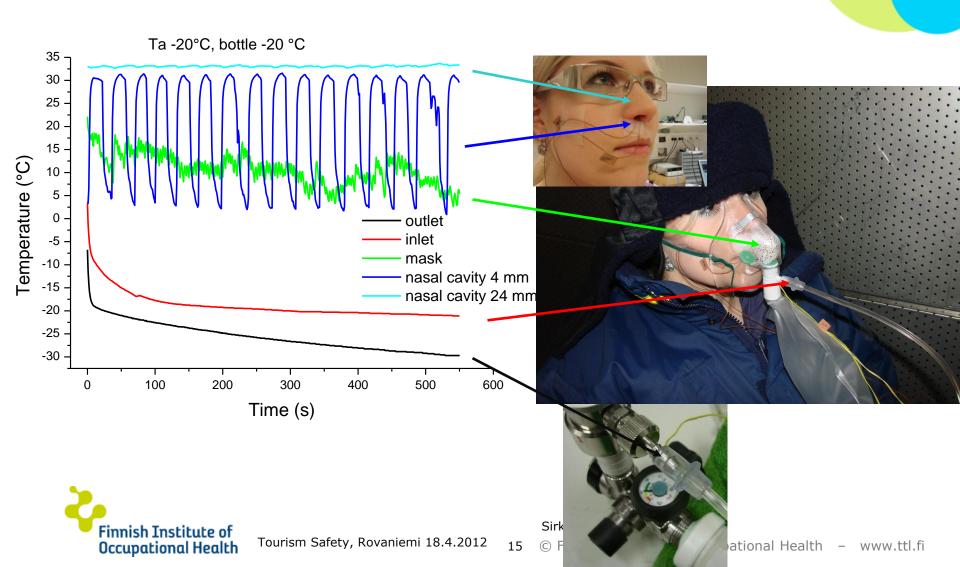
Methods

- 7 subjects
- ambient temperatures: -20, 0 and 20 $^\circ\,$ C
- oxygen bottle and the regulator stored at the exposure temperatures
 - in addition: warm bottle and the regulator at -20 $^\circ\,$ C
- breathing through the nose
- gas flow 15 l/min



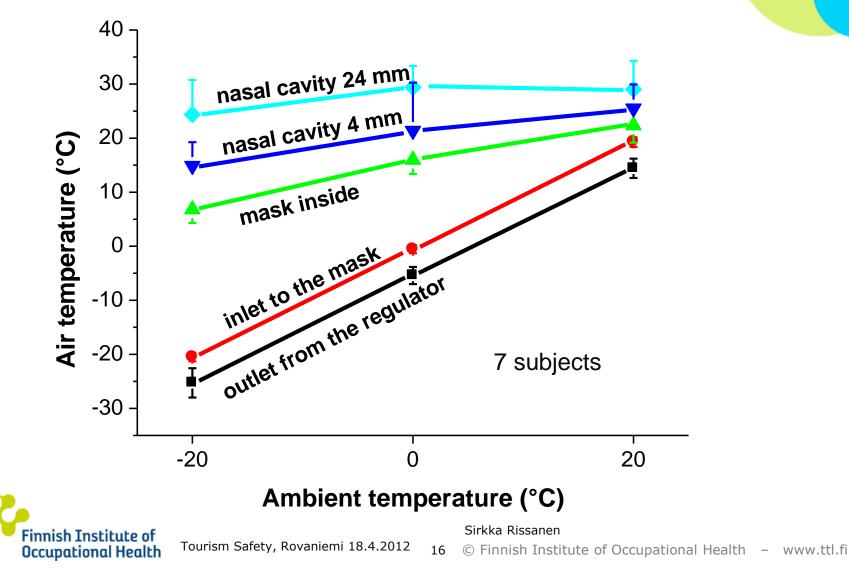
Air temperature was measured at 5 sites

Cold oxygen does not cool the air temperature in the nasal cavity at the depth of 24 mm

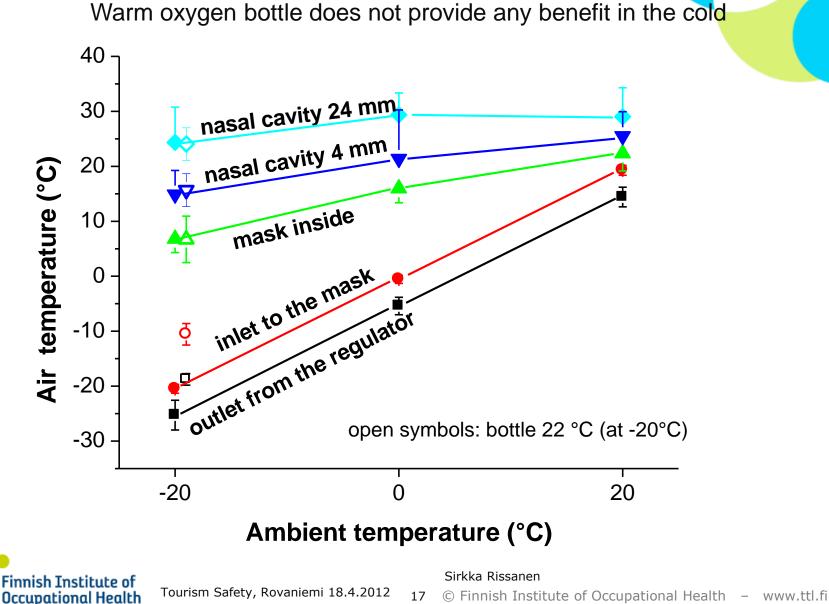


Cold oxygen bottle in the cold

Mask is a heat and moisture exchanger - air temperature increases to the safe level



Warm oxygen bottle in cold



General conclusions

- Thermal protection of the IV fluid is important in pre-hospital trauma care in the remote wilderness in cold conditions
- Oxygen administration is safe in the cold conditions



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Thank you!

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www.cosafe.eu

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www.ttl.fi/matkasutu







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Conclusions

- Fluid with high heat capacity is a risk for trauma patient in the cold
 - Heat capacity of water is ca. 4.2 J·cm⁻³·K⁻¹
 - with 20° C fluid temperature, the "cold load" of 1000 ml infusion would be 7100 J, core temperature decreases by ca. 0.3° C
- Gas has low heat capacity and therefore low temperature of oxygen is not a thermal risk for a patient
 - Heat capacity of air is ca. 0.0013 J·cm⁻³·K⁻¹
 - with -20° C gas temperature, the theoretical "cold load" of 150 I of gas (given in 10 min) would be 800 J, compared to breathing air at 20° C
 - due to the low heat capacity, the gas temperature may quickly change in tubes \rightarrow no effects on inhaled gas temperature



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